B O T III EXAMS 2013 BIOLOGY S.4

TIME 2 Hours 30 Minutes

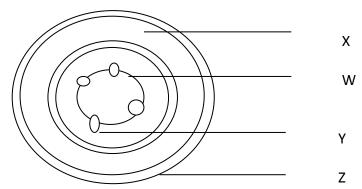
NAME
Instructions: Attempt all questions in section A and B plus ONE in section C.
SECTION A

1	11	21
2	12	22
3	13	23
4	14	24
5	15	25
6	16	26
7	17	27
8	18	28
9	19	29
10	20	30

- 1. The essential parts of a flower are;
 - A. Androecium and stamen
 - B. Pistils and carpels
 - C. Calyx and corolla
 - D. Androecium and gynoecium
- 2. The cellular components of blood are;
 - A. Plasma, leucocytes and erythrocytes.
 - B. Leucocytes, thrombocytes and Erythrocytes.
 - C. Erythrocytes, platelets, and Thrombocytes
 - D. Thrombocytes, fibrin and thrombin
- 3. The type of placentation in which seeds are situated on the inner margin of the fruit wall is known as;

A. MarginalB. AxileC. BasalD. parietal

4. Study the diagram and answer the questions



Part X is,

A. Phloem

B. Cortex

C. Endodermis

D. Pith

5. Which part is important in the transportation of water and mineral salts?

A. W

C. Y

B. X

D. Z

6. The function of part W is to;

- A. Transport manufactured food
- B. Promote secondary growth
- C. Protect the vascular bundles
- D. Store manufactured food.

7. The shrinkage of animal cells when placed in a hypertonic solution is called;

A. Crenation

C. plasmolysis

B. haemolysis

D. turgidity

8. Which one of the following parts of the tooth contains living tissue?

A. Cement

C. Enamel

B. Pulp cavity

D. Dentine

9. Which of the following increases the amount of nitrogen in the atmosphere?

- A. Excretion
- B. Action of fungi on dead organic matter
- C. Action of nitrifying bacteria
- D. Action of denitrifying bacteria.

10. In which two parts of the Alimentary canal is starch digested?

- A. Small intestines mouth
- B. Mouth and duodenum
- C. Duodenum and stomach
- D. Mouth and stomach

11. Which one of the fol	lowing is a mod	ified root?	
A. Irish potato tube	er	B. Rhizome	
B. Cassava tuber		D. Corm	
A. Regulation of sug B. Healing of damag C. Regulation of boo D. Transportation o	gar level in the b ged parts of the dy temperature	oody body.	
13. Aerobic respiration isA. Uses more oxygeB. Yields lactic acidC. Uses less oxygenD. Yields more ener	n	than Anaerobic;	
14. The surfaces for gase	eous exchange i	n fish are;	
A. Gill bars	•	C. Gill filament	
B. Gill rakers	I	D. gills	
15. The following happeA. External intercosB. External intercosC. Muscles of the diD. Volume of thorac	tal muscles con tals muscles rel aphragm contra	tract ax act	
16. Which of the followingA. Lipids and vitamingB. Minerals and vitaC. Minerals and disaD. Lipids and lactose	ns amins accharides	nces not changed by the gut	enzyme?
17. Which of the following A. Vitamin C B. Vitamin E		eficient in a person whose g C. Vitamin B ₂ D. Vitamin K	gums bleed?
18. Which gas is likely to sunlight?	be evolved fro	m sub merged aquatic plant	t placed in bright
A. Carbon dioxide		C. Hydrogen	
B. Oxygen		D. Nitrogen	
19. Which gas of the foll	owing has the lo	east energy content in a foc	od chain?
A. Producer	<u> </u>	C. Tertiary consumer	
B. Secondary consu	mer	D. primary consumer.	
•		•	

20	The following results were obtain percentage of air in a sample of so Volume of water used Volume of soil + water Volume of soil + water after stirring From the above results, the perce A. 7.5 B. 8.1 C. 10	$= 10 \text{cm}^3$ = 40cm^3 ag = 37cm^3
21	. The chisel shaped structure of inci A. Tearing B. cutting C. c	sors is suitable for hewing D. grinding
22	. Fruits which split along lines of we A. Dry dehiscent fruits B. Drupes	cakness to release their seeds are referred to as C. berries D. dry indehiscent fruits.
23	 Under what condition is lactic acid A. During sleep B. When engaged in a vigorous e. C. After breathing in excess carbo D. After consuming a lot of malt 	xercise
24	Blockage of bile duct would impairA. ProteinsB. Cellulose	r the digestion of C. Starch D. fats.
25	. A mosquito larva breathes by mea A. Spiracles B. Gills	ns of C. segments D. Nostrils
26	 Which of the following is the best A. Breathing in of oxygen and breed B. Absorption of oxygen in the algorithm C. Release of energy in the cell D. Gaseous exchange 	eathing out carbon dioxide
27	Which of the following vertebraeA. ThoracicB. Cervical	contain vertebrarterial canals? C. lumbar D. candal.
28	Which of the following is found atA. Gliding jointB. Pivot joint	the knee and elbow joints? C. hinge joint D. ball and socket joint

29. The type of muscle situated in the walls of the heart is?A. Skeletal muscleC. Striated muscle

B. Smooth muscle D. cardiac muscle

30. Which of the following feather type are distributed all over the body of a bird especially the neck and upper side of the body?

A. Quill C. Filoplumes
B. covert D. Down feather.

SECTION B.

31. In an investigation, two persons A and B drank the same amount of a glucose solution. Their blood sugar levels were determined immediately and thereafter at intervals of one hour for the next six hours. The results were as shown in the following table.

	Blood glucose level (mg/100ml)		
Time (hours)	Person A	Person B	
0	90	120	
1	220	360	
2	160	370	
3	100	380	
4	90	240	
5	90	200	
6	90	160	

a)	Use same axes to present the information in the table graphically.
b)	Give reasons(s) for each of the following observations.

i)	Blood sugar level increased in person A between O and 1 hour					

ii)	The blood sugar level decreased in person A between 1 and 4 hours
c)	From the graph, what is the normal blood sugar level for human being?
d)	Suggest a reason for the high sugar level in person B.
e)	How can the high blood sugar level in person B be controlled?
f)	What is the biological significance of maintaining a relatively constant sugar level in the human body?

SECTION C

32.	(a)	Define	the	following	Ecological	terms;
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- i) Population
- ii) Community
- iii) Ecological niche
- iv) Ecosystem
- (b) I) differentiate between a food chain and food web
- ii) Given the following organisms, construct a food web to show the feeding relationships that exist: Grasshopper, cow Dog, bird Grass Toad, white ants.
- iii) Explain the factors that affect population distribution in an ecosystem.
- 33. (a) What is an enzyme and state six characteristics of enzymes.
 - (b) Ssebina had a meal of posho and beans for lunch. Describe the process of digestion that the food passed through from the time it was put in the mouth until it was ready for absorption.
- 34.(a) What is a cell?
 - (b) Draw and name the structure of a plant cell.
 - (c) Give the functions of the following parts.
 - i) Cell membrane, ii) Nucleus iii) Cell vacuole.
 - (d) List the differences between a plant cell and animal cell (Use table).
- 35. a) Define the following terms
- i. Complete dominance (01 mark)
- ii. Co-dominance (01 mark)

- b) When pollen grains from a red flowered plant were dusted on the flowers of the white flowered plant, a pink flowered plant was obtained.
- i) Using suitable genetic symbols show how the pink flowered plant can to be obtained.

(07 marks)

ii) What will be the genotypes and phenotypes of a cross between a pink flowered plant and white flowered plant? Show your working.

(06 marks)

END